

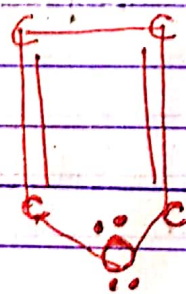
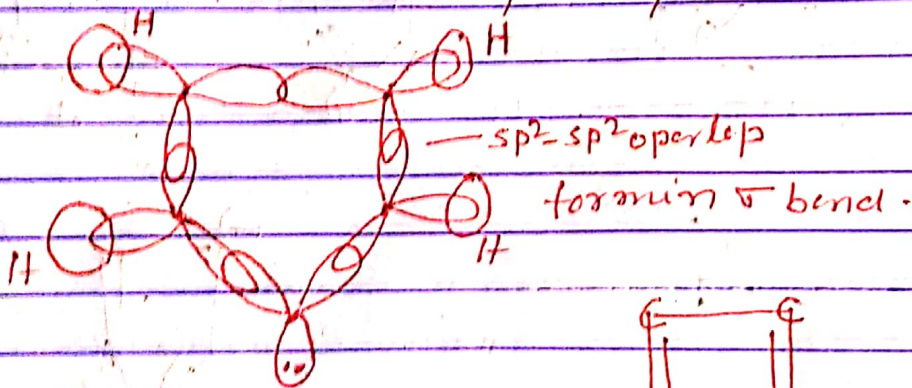
B.Sc - III (H) PAPER - VII

Furan

Furan is a heterocyclic compound. It has five atoms in ring in which one is oxygen and four are carbon atoms.

All atoms of ring is sp^2 hybrid. sp^2 hybrid orbitals of furan overlaps each other and s orbital of H to form C-C, C-O and C-H σ bonds. One sp^2 hybrid orbital of oxygen contain

~~two~~ one lone pair of electron.



Furan

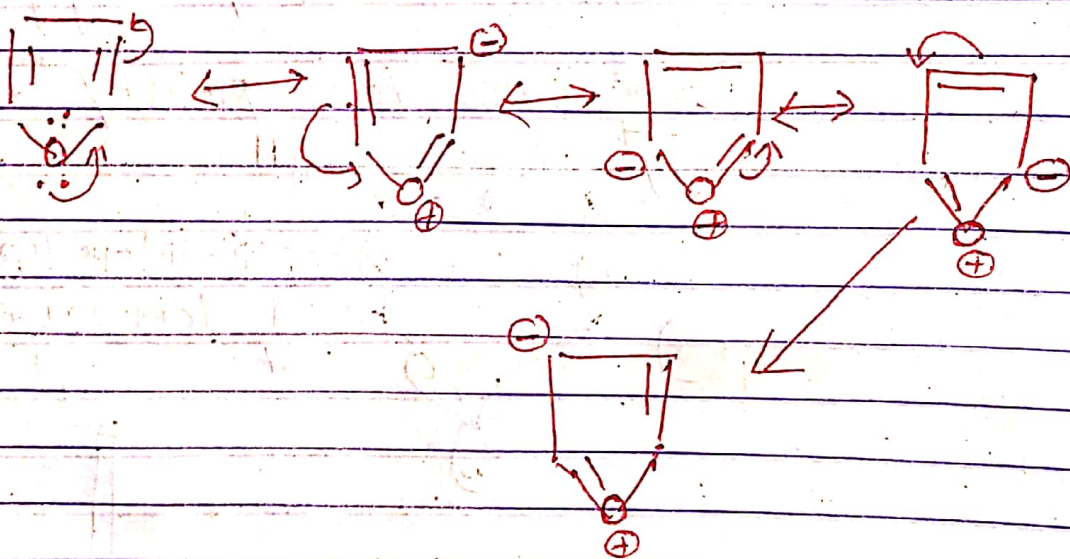
All carbon atom and oxygen atom contains one unhybridized orbital which is perpendicular to the plane of ~~sp²~~ sp^2 hybrid orbital. They unhybridized orbital overlap each other.

to form π p-p bonds. The lateral overlap of these p-orbitals forms a molecular orbital containing 6 electrons and hence they satisfy Huckel rule's of aromaticity.

The ring represents the π molecular orbital as below

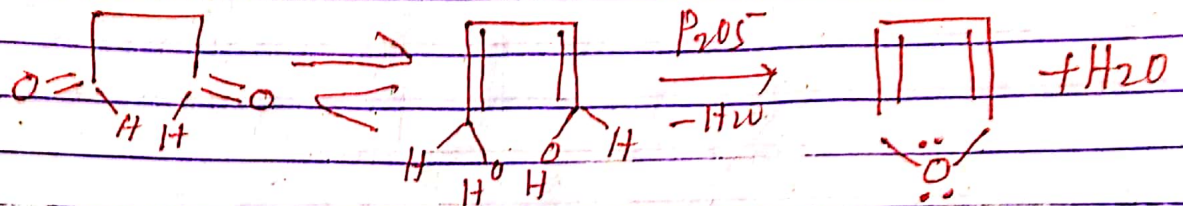


The Furan has five resonance structures as shown below

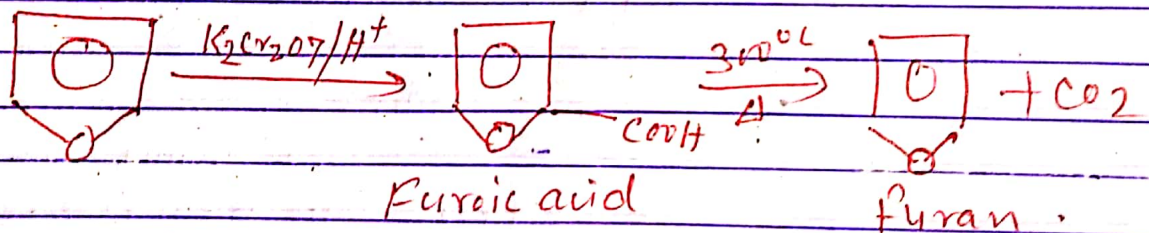


Preparation of Furan →

- (i) The dehydration of succinic dialdehyde by heating with P_2O_5 or $ZnCl_2$ give rise to furan.



- (ii) Oxidation of furfural with potassium dichromate give furoic acid. ~~and~~ ~~they~~ Decarboxylation at $200^{\circ}C - 300^{\circ}C$ eventually leads to furan.



- (iii) The decarbonylation of furfural in steam in presence of silver oxide catalyst give furan. This is commercial preparation of furan.